

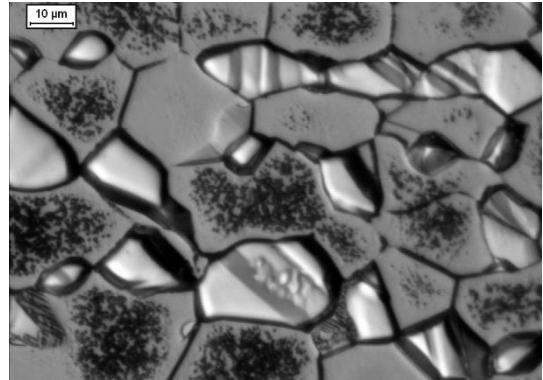
RELATION BETWEEN PITTING POTENTIAL AND PREN VALUES FOR FERRITE AND AUSTENITE IN DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS

*D. C. Santos, I. M. Macarrão,
RODRIGO MAGNABOSCO*

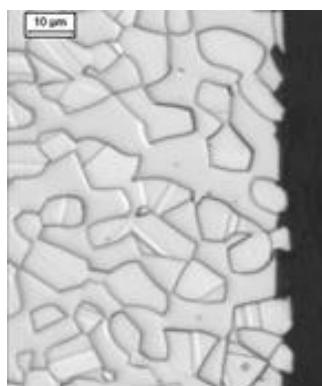


Introduction

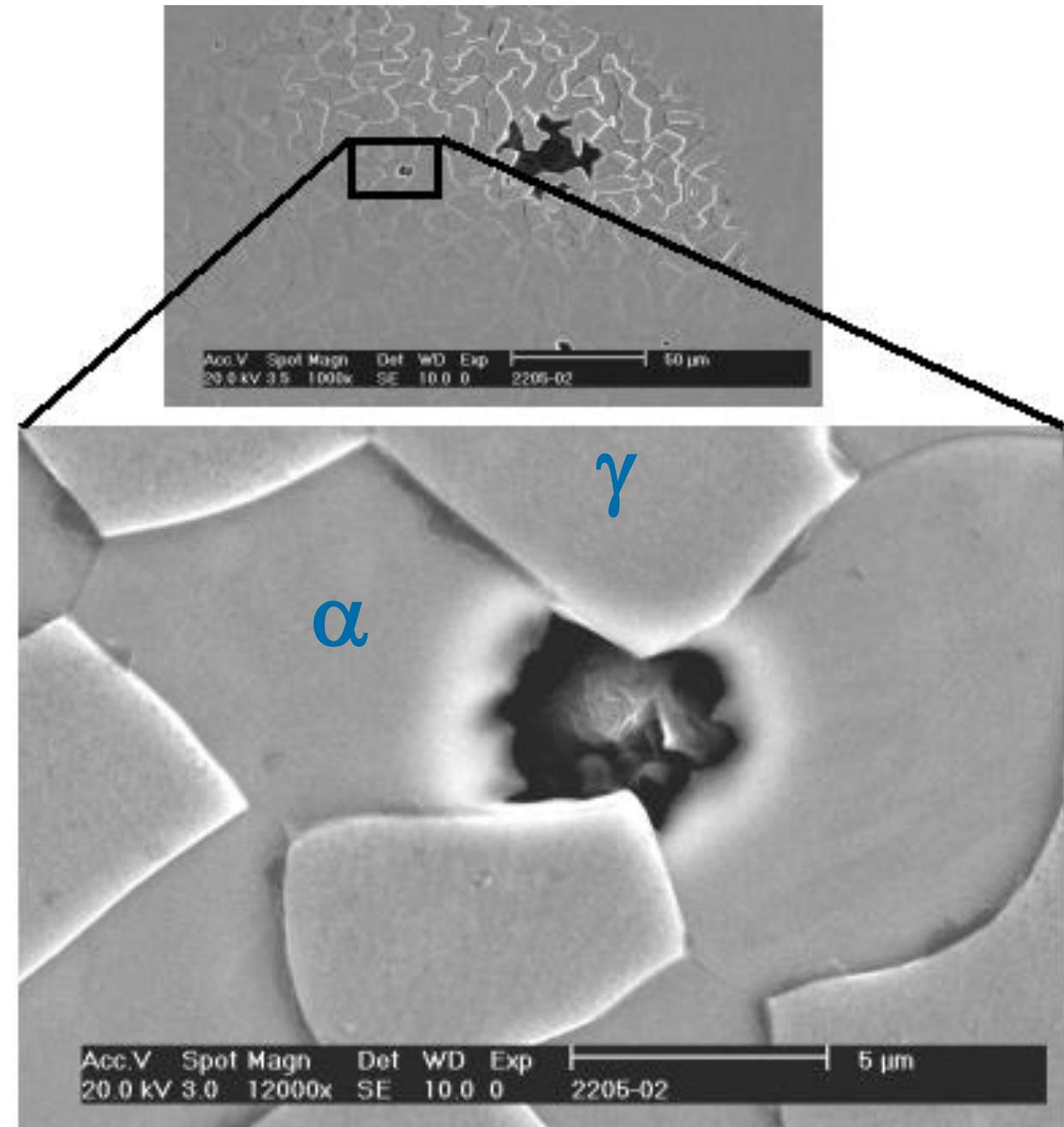
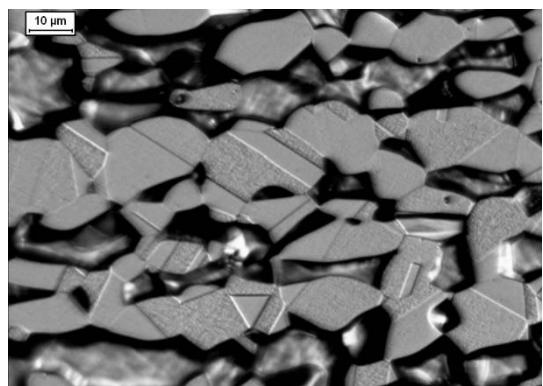
R. Magnabosco et al.
EUROCORR 2009, Nice. CEFRACOR, 2009.



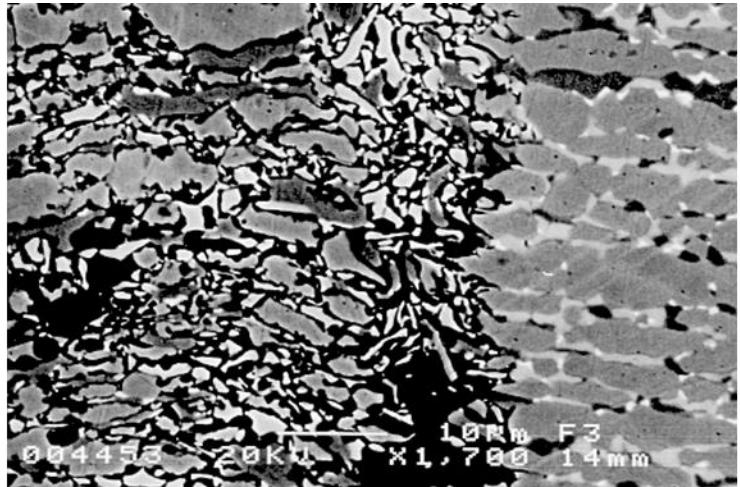
1 M HCl, 60 °C
-243 mV_{Ag/AgCl}



1 M HCl, 60 °C, - 332 mV_{Ag/AgCl}

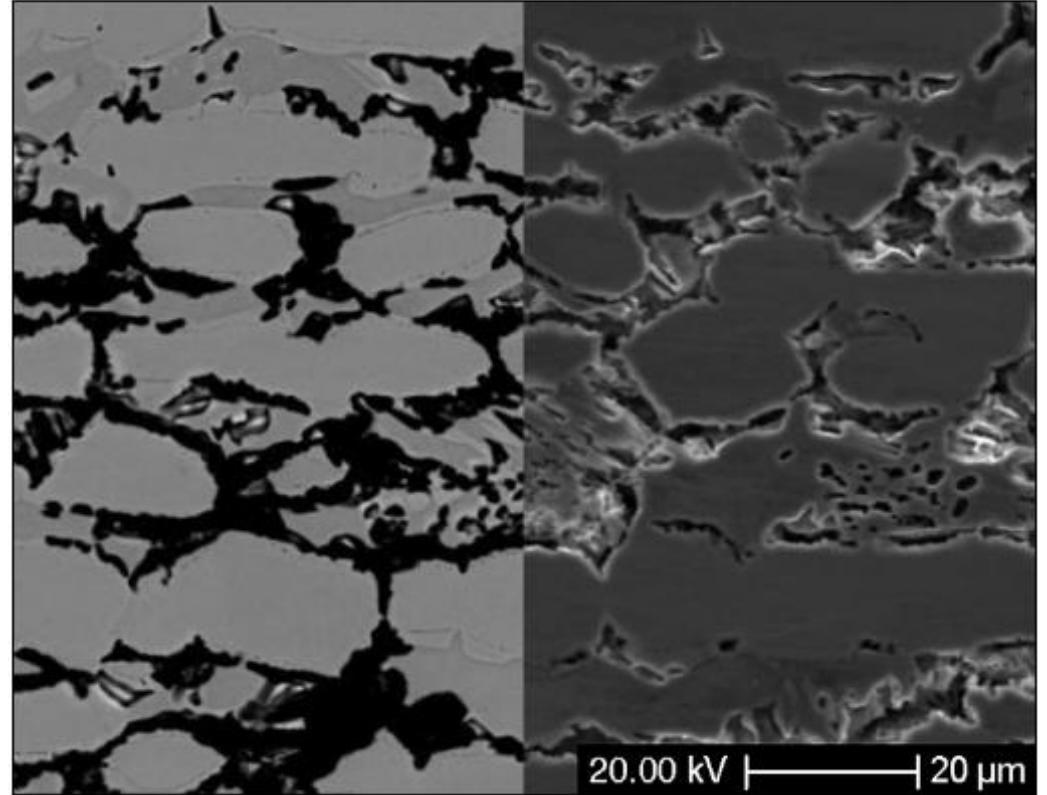


Introduction



30 min @ 850 °C

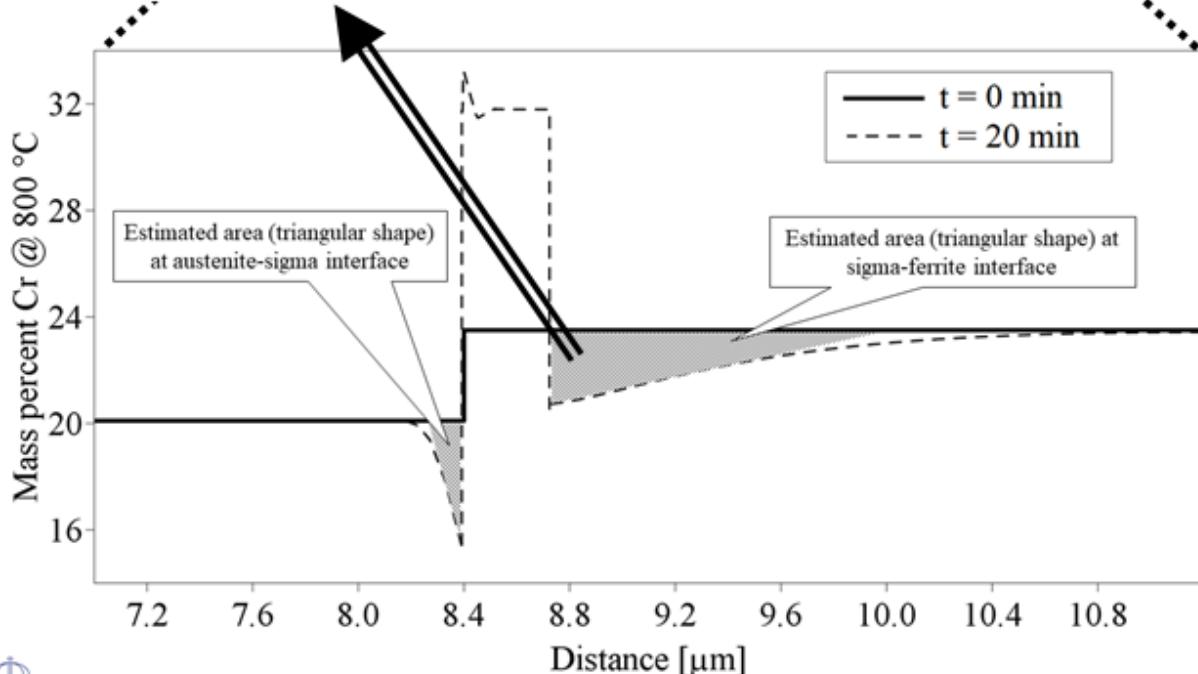
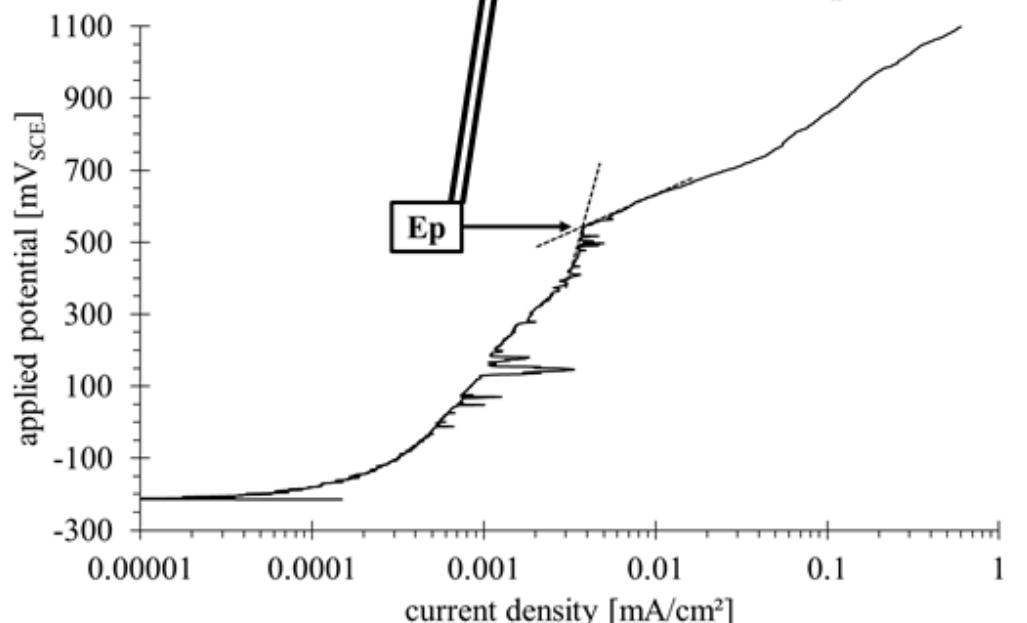
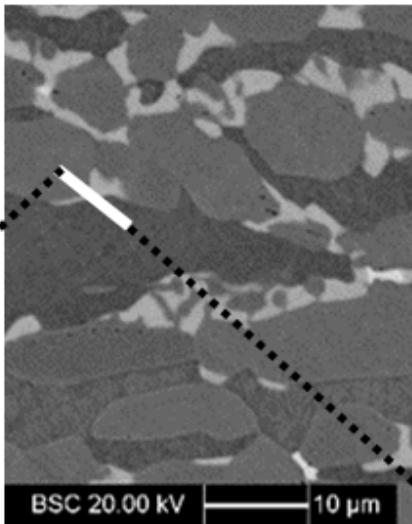
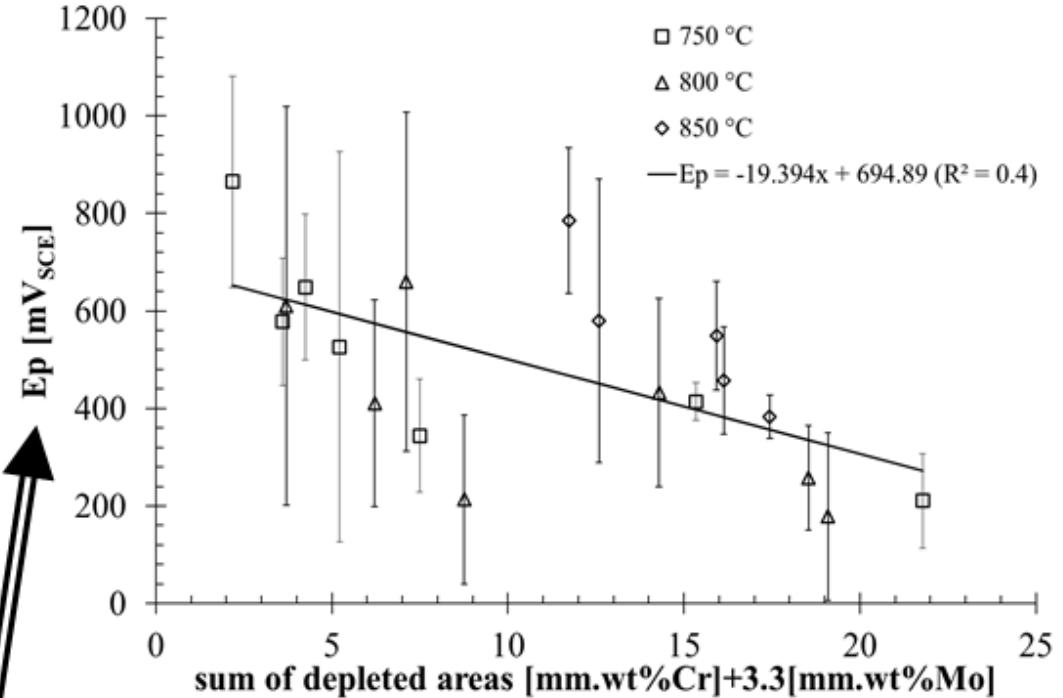
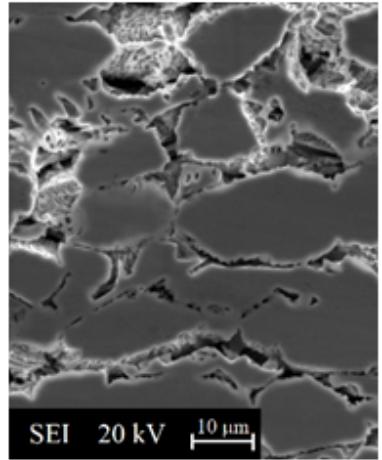
R. Magnabosco, N.Alonso-Falleiros. Pit Morphology and Its Relation to Microstructure of 850°C Aged Duplex Stainless Steel. Corrosion, v. 61, n.2, p. 130, 2005.



1h @ 850 °C

D. C. Santos et al. Influence of sigma phase formation on pitting corrosion of an aged UNS S31803 duplex stainless steel.. CORROSION, v. 69, p. 900-911, 2013.

Introduction



Goal

Is there a relationship between pitting potential and PREN_α or PREN_γ in UNS S31803 samples with different volume fractions of ferrite?

Experimental procedure

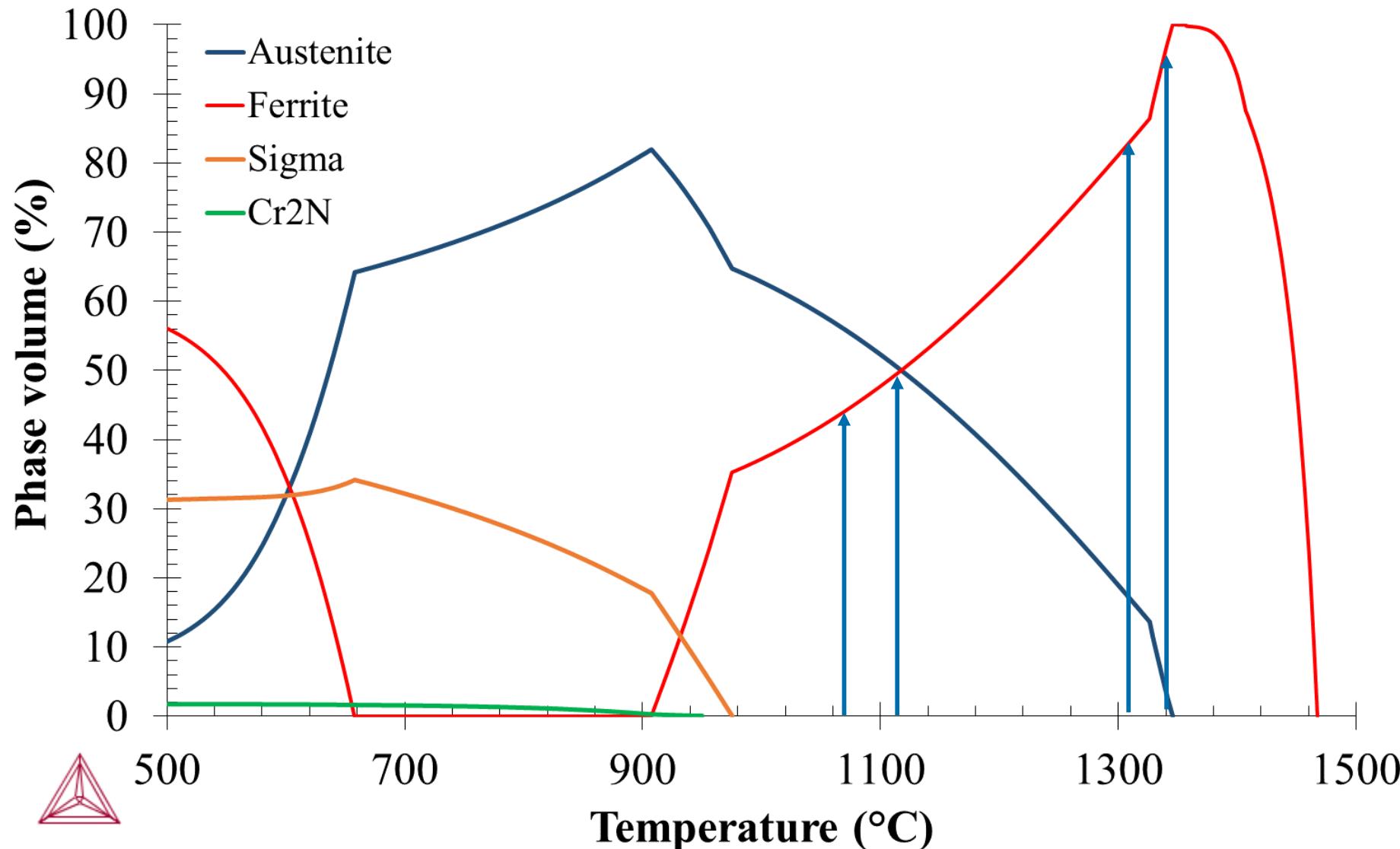
Element	Cr	Ni	Mo	N	Mn	Si	Cu	Fe
wt %	22.5	5.7	3.2	0.16	1.4	0.35	0.15	Balance

- 3 mm sheets, solution-treated 1 h between 1070 and 1340 °C, water quenched
- Optical Microscopy (OM) after modified Beraha etching
- Thermo-Calc®  with TCFE8 database for α ou γ chemical composition

$$\text{PREN} = \% \text{Cr} + 3.3\% \text{Mo} + 16\% \text{N}$$

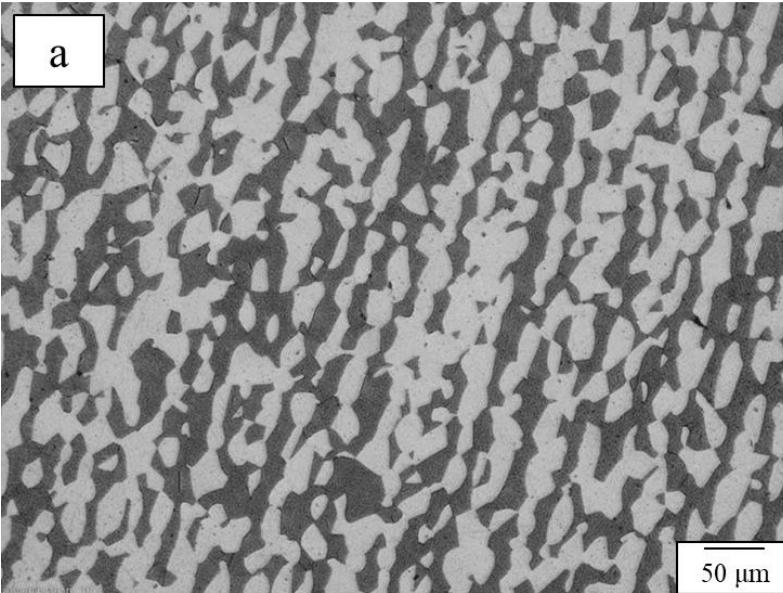
- Potentiodynamic polarisation tests in 0.6 M NaCl @ 75 °C for E_p determination

Results and Discussion

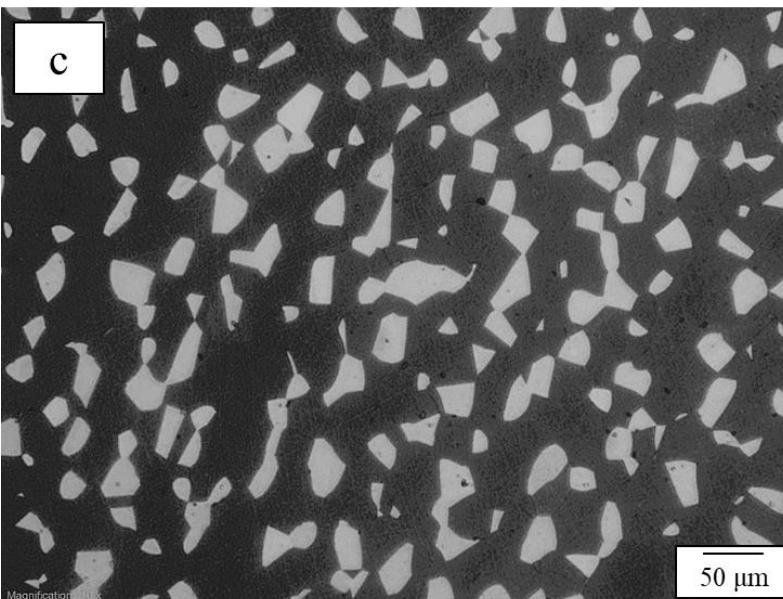


Results and Discussion

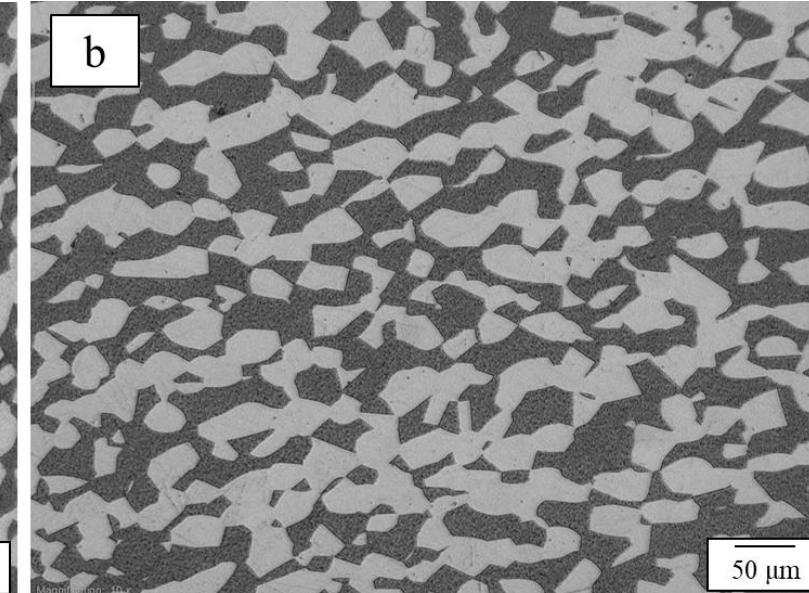
1070 °C
 $44.9 \pm 2.8 \% \alpha$



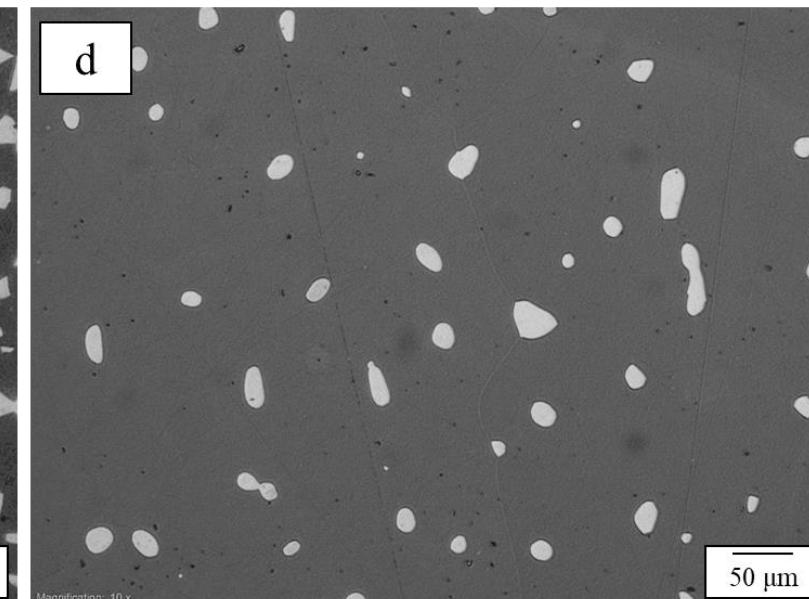
1310 °C
 $82.7 \pm 1.9 \% \alpha$



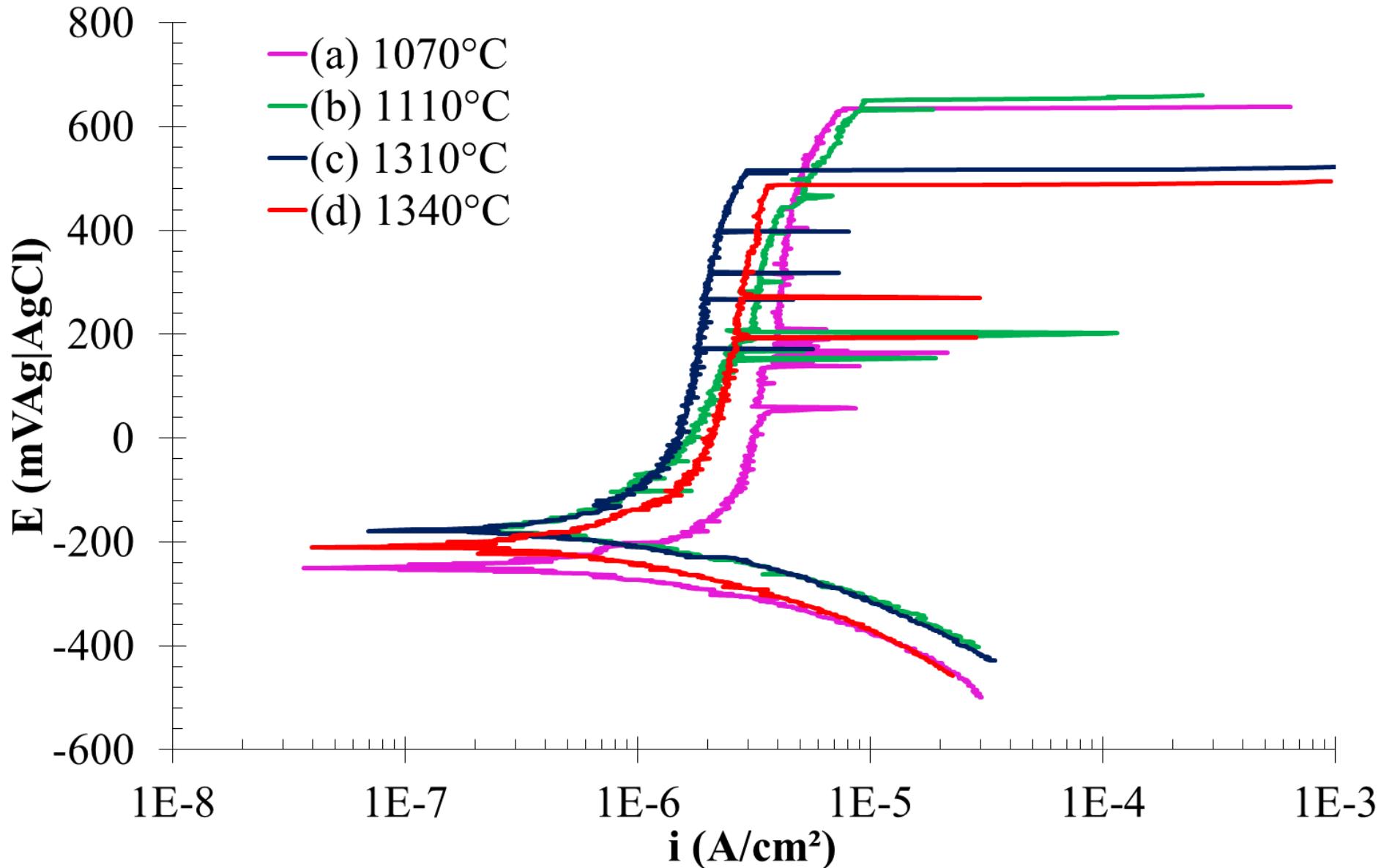
1110 °C
 $49.0 \pm 3.8 \% \alpha$



1340 °C
 $96.6 \pm 1.4 \% \alpha$

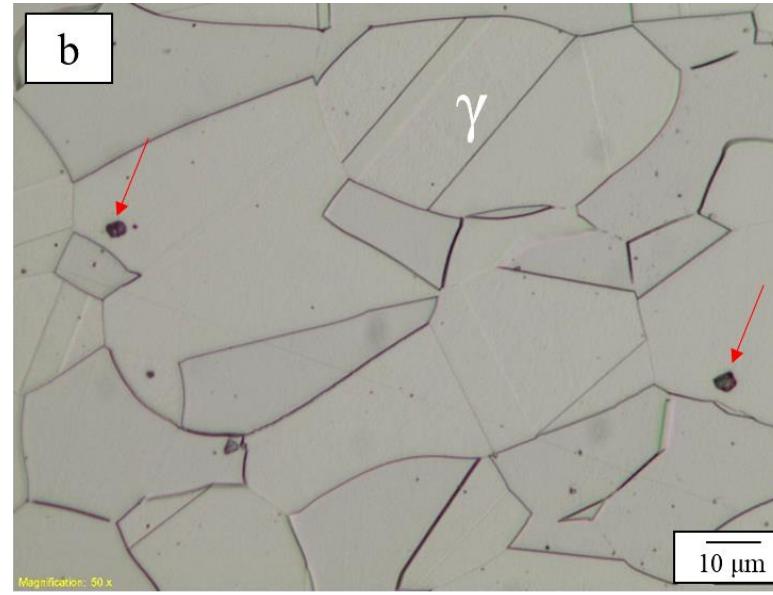
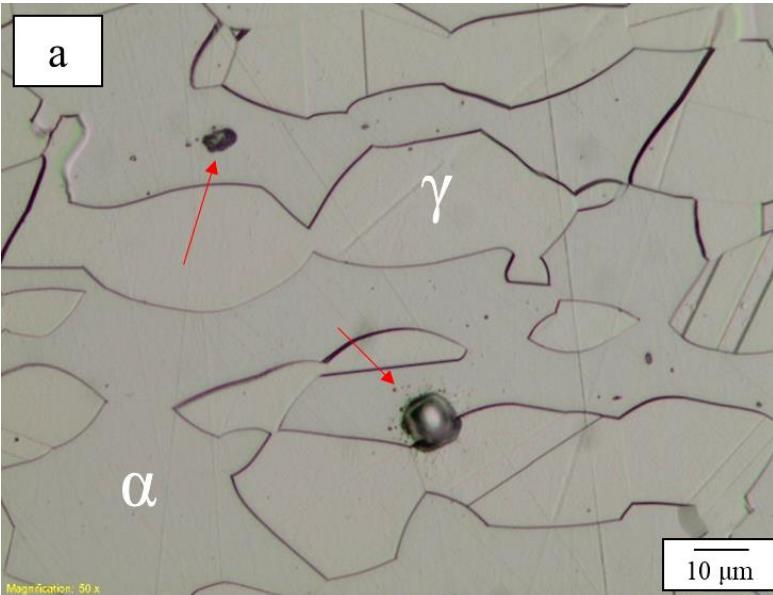


Results and Discussion



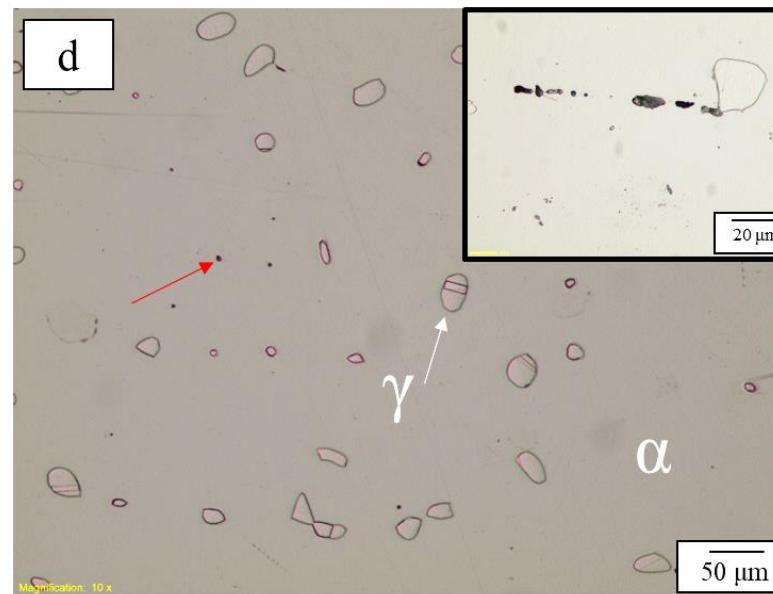
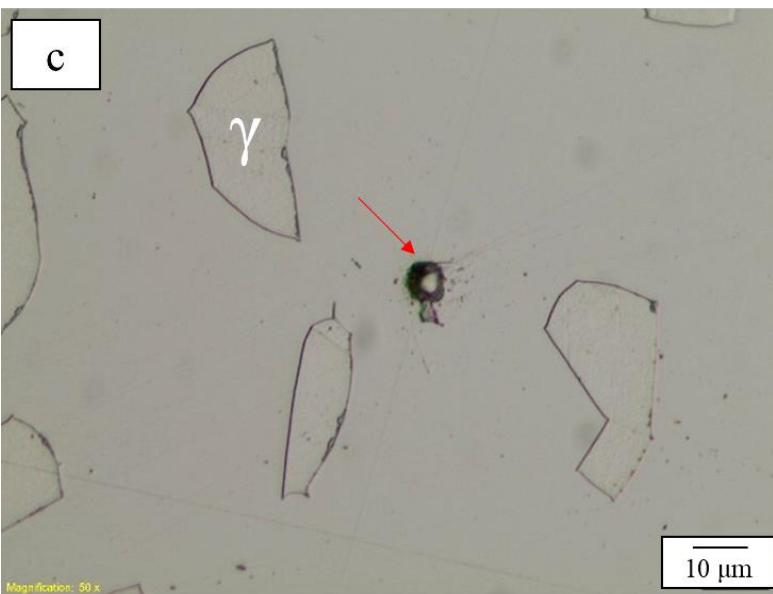
Results and Discussion

1070 °C
 $44.9 \pm 2.8 \% \alpha$



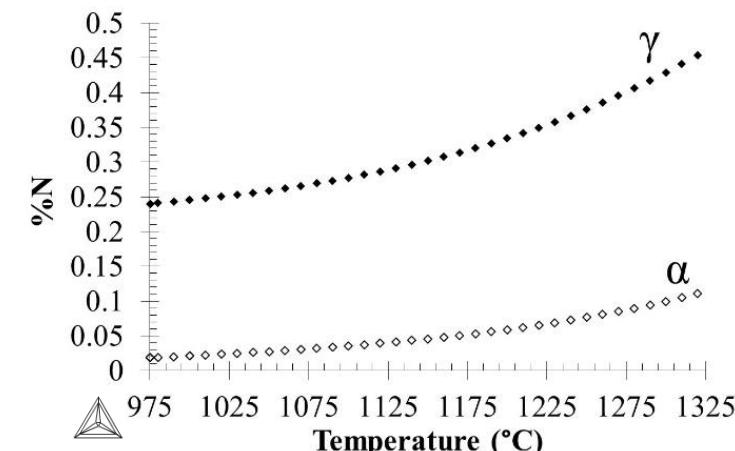
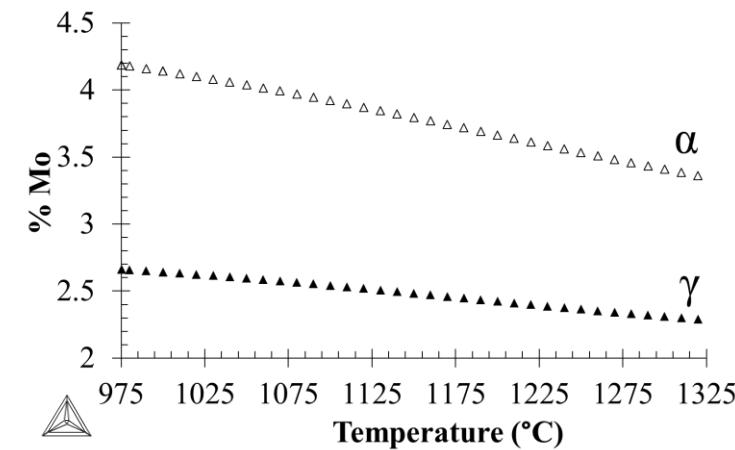
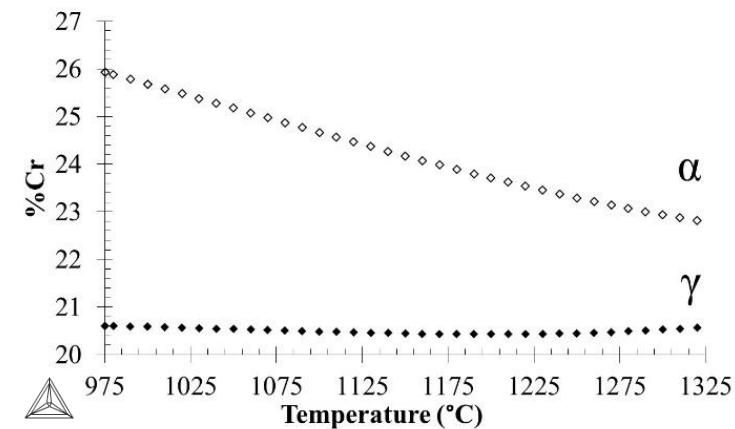
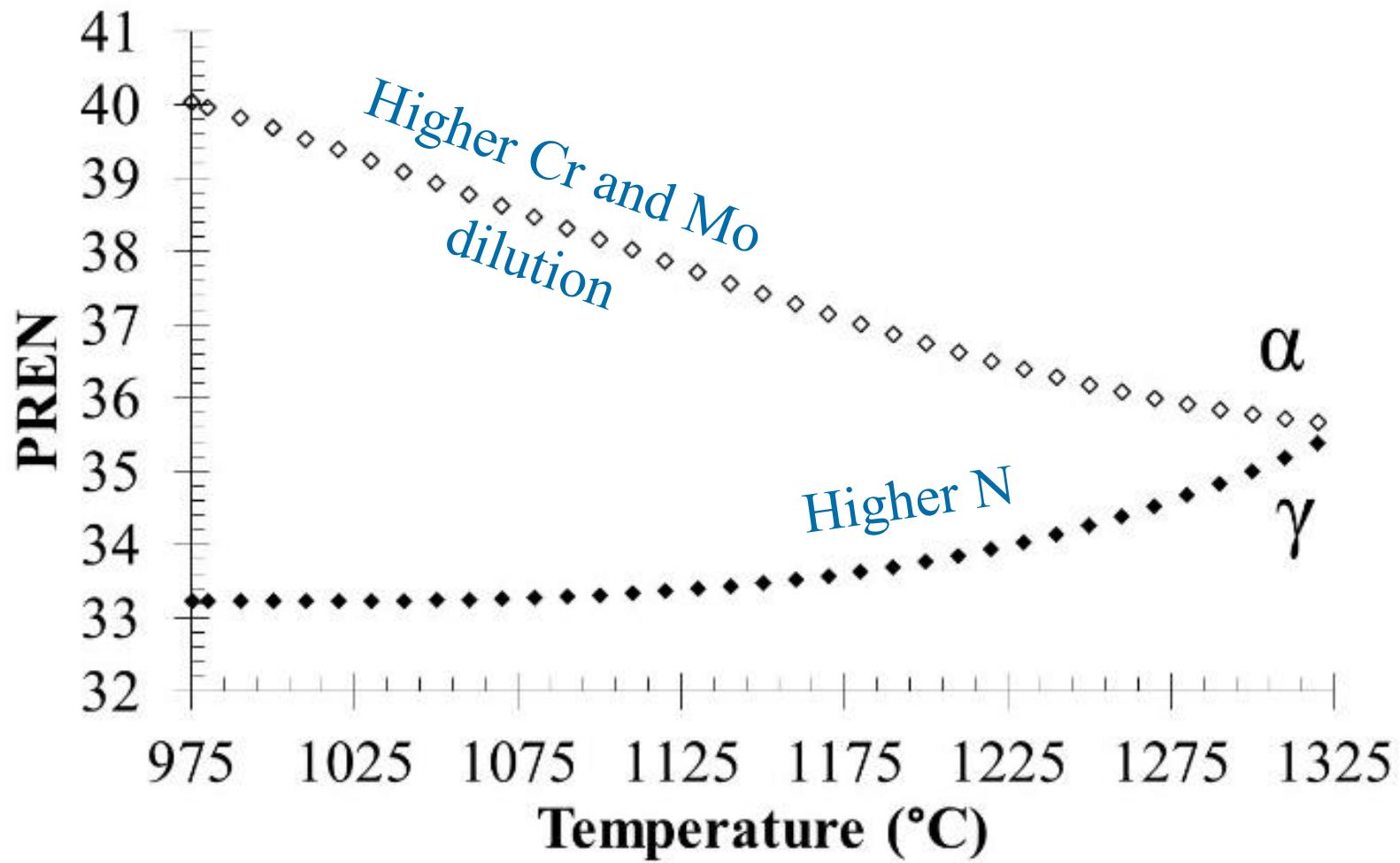
1110 °C
 $49.0 \pm 3.8 \% \alpha$

1310 °C
 $82.7 \pm 1.9 \% \alpha$

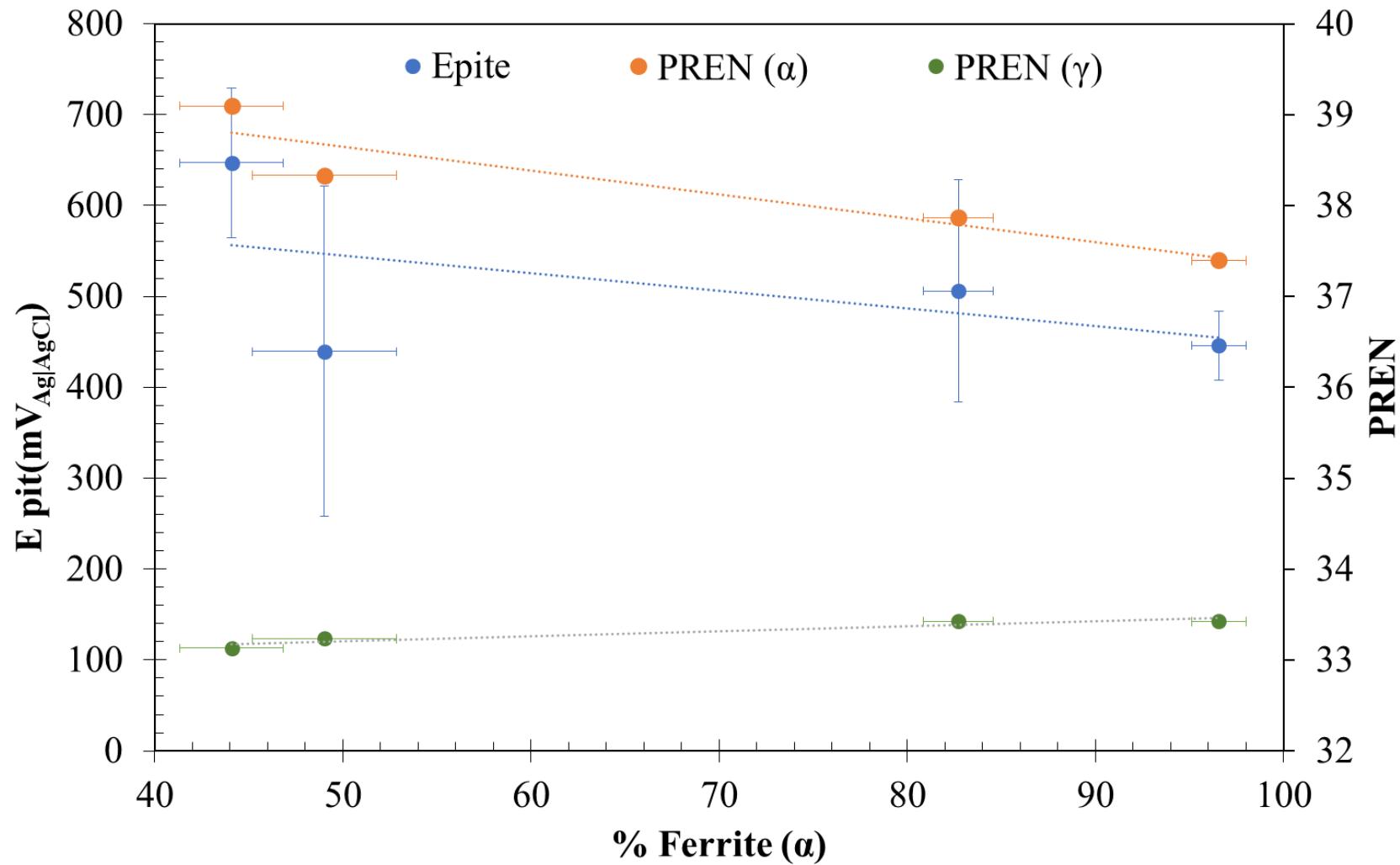


1340 °C
 $96.6 \pm 1.4 \% \alpha$

Results and Discussion



Results and Discussion



Conclusions

- PREN_α is higher than PREN_γ between 975 and 1300 °C
- Slight reduction of pitting potential with increasing α content – Cr & Mo dilution in α
- Pits preferably found in α
- PREN comparison between different phases is not possible

Acknowledgements



Grant 301458/2016-2



RELATION BETWEEN PITTING POTENTIAL AND PREN VALUES FOR FERRITE AND AUSTENITE IN DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS

RODRIGO MAGNABOSCO
rodrmagn@fei.edu.br